

French Curriculum Pathway

'La Phonetique' – looking at French phonics and how to sound out words more accurately.
'Manger, Bouger' – healthy lifestyles.



Secondary School

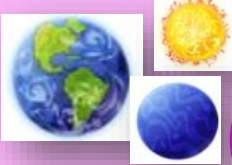
'Salon Du Thè' – extended food vocabulary and how to order in a café.
'Les Vikings'



Le Week-end - activities and hobbies using a further range of verbs.
'La Seconde Guerre Mondiale'

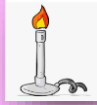


'En Classe' – items in a classroom / school bag
'Les Planètes' – naming the planets plus positional language.



Year 5

'À L'école' – school subjects, timetables, J'aime / Je n'aime pas...'
French school life.
'Joyeuses Pâques' – Celebrating Easter in France.



'Les Jeux Olympiques' – vocabulary for sports and countries.
'Les Habitats' – which animals live where? Habitats of the world.



Year 6

'Salon du The' vocabulary for food and drink items in a café.
Ordering food and drink. French money.
Family members.



Seasons
Quel temps fait-il?
Describing the weather.



Recap from Year 3
'Dans ma ville...' learning how to explain which building are in your town.
Le P'tit Chaperon rouge



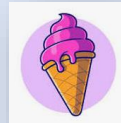
Numbers
Days of the week
Months
Birthday
Christmas
Fairy Tales



Animals
I have...
'Je peux.../ je ne peux pas' action verbs
Poisson D'avril
Fairy Tales



Ice Cream flavours
Ordering ice creams
Je peux.../je ne peux pas (parler en français/jouer un instrument)



Year 4

Greetings
Introducing yourself
How are you?
Colours
Stories



Year 3

French is taught weekly in Key Stage 2. Initially, the focus is on speaking and listening although the children are also taught to recognise how a word is spelt. All through KS2, language is taught through songs, stories, poems and lots of actions. There is a great deal of oral rehearsal and repetition rehearsal for children. Grammar and phonics are introduced by a light touch in Y3 and built-upon as the children progress through the school. Information about cultural similarities and differences is covered at appropriate points of the curriculum. An important element of learning a new language is understanding culture so children are taught about differences and similarities of life in France compared to the U.K.

